```
(amorphous crystn.; semiconductor devices having a single
         crystal silicon thin-film transistor
         formed on a glass substrate and fabrication thereof)
 ΙT
      7440-59-7, Helium, uses
                               12385-13-6, Atomic hydrogen, uses
         (plasma; semiconductor devices having a single
         crystal silicon thin-film transistor
         formed on a glass substrate and fabrication thereof)
 IT 
     7439-88-5, Iridium, uses
                                7439-89-6, Iron, uses 7440-02-0,
                    7440-04-2, Osmium, uses 7440-05-3, Palladium, uses
     Nickel, uses
     7440-06-4, Platinum, uses 7440-16-6, Rhodium, uses 7440-18-8,
     Ruthenium, uses 7440-22-4, Silver, uses
                                                  7440-48-4, Cobalt, uses
     7440-50-8, Copper, uses
                               7440-57-5, Gold, uses
         (silicon crystn. catalyst; semiconductor devices having a
        single crystal silicon thin-
        film transistor formed on a glass substrate and
        fabrication thereof)
L145 ANSWER 16 OF 40 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
126:138618 Semiconductor devices having single crystal
     thin-film transistors formed on glass substrates and fabrication
     thereof. Yamazaki, Shunpei; Teramoto, Satoshi (Handotai Energy
     Kenkyusho, Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 08298242 A2 19961112
     Heisei, 16 pp.
                     (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP
    (1995-125908) 19950426.
     The title process involves forming a sublayer on a glass substrate,
     forming an amorphous Si film on the
     sublayer, dehydrogenating the Si film by
     H-plasma treatment, heating or laser-irradiating for
     crystn., patterning to give crystal seed layer,
     depositing an amorphous Si film over
     the seed layer, heating or laser-irradiating to
     grow single crystal in the Si
     film from the seeds, and subsequently patterning
     the grown Si film to give single
     cryst. regions on the sublayer.
     single cryst. Si regions are provided
     for active layers in thin-film transistors.
IC
     ICM H01L021-20
         H01L029-786; H01L021-336
CC
     76-3 (Electric Phenomena)
     silicon single cryst thin film transistor; TFT
ST
     single cryst silicon glass substrate
ΙT
     Sputtering
        (etching, hydrogen, dehydrogenation; semiconductor devices having
        single crystal thin-film transistors formed on
        glass substrates and fabrication thereof)
     Vapor deposition process
ΙT
        (plasma; semiconductor devices having single
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crystal thin-film transistors formed on glass substrates
and fabrication thereof)

IT Dehydrogenation

Laser crystallization

Thin film transistors

(semiconductor devices having single crystal thin-film transistors formed on glass substrates and fabrication thereof)

IT Etching

(sputter, hydrogen, dehydrogenation; semiconductor devices having single crystal thin-film transistors formed on glass substrates and fabrication thereof)

IT Glass, properties

(substrate, transparent; semiconductor devices having single crystal thin-film transistors formed on glass substrates and fabrication thereof)

L145 ANSWER 17 OF 40 HCA COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
112:14609 Lateral epitaxy. Nishigaki, Yuji; Yamagata, Kenji; Yonehara,
Takao (Canon K. K., Japan). Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho JP 01042117 A2
19890214 Heisei, 7 pp. (Japanese). CODEN: JKXXAF. APPLICATION: JP
1987-198688 19870808.

The title method entails formation of fine particles of a material on a surface with a small nucleation d. (e.g., amorphous insulator), melt-solidification of the material for formation of seed crystals, and growth therefrom. Thus, an amorphous Si film 0.2 .mu.m thick on a quartz glass plate was photolithog. patterned with spots 1 .mu.m in diam., the spots were annealed by a laser beam, and Si single crystals 40 .mu.m in diam. and (100) oriented parallel to the substrate were grown at 950.degree. in substrate temp. from SiH2C12-HC1-H2 in 30 min.

IC ICM H01L021-20

ICS H01L021-263; H01L021-268

CC 75-1 (Crystallography and Liquid Crystals)

IT Epitaxy

(lateral, from fine seeds on low-nucleation d. surfaces)

IT Epitaxy

(vapor-phase, lateral, of silicon from fine seeds on quartz glass surface)

TT 7440-56-4, Germanium, uses and miscellaneous (lateral VPE of gallium arsenide from fine seeds of, on quartz glass)